

(2) Each application shall show the number, location and status of each well drilled, a tabulated statement for each month covering a period of not less than 6 months prior to the date of filing the application of the aggregate amount of oil or gas subject to royalty, the number of wells counted as producing each month and the average production per well per day.

(3) Every application shall contain a detailed statement of expenses and costs of operating the entire lease, the income from the sale of any production and all facts tending to show whether the wells can be successfully operated upon the fixed royalty or rental. Where the application is for a reduction in royalty, full information shall be furnished as to whether overriding royalties, payments out of production, or similar interests are paid to others than the United States, the amounts so paid and efforts made to reduce them. The applicant shall also file agreements of the holders to a reduction of all other royalties or similar payments from the leasehold to an aggregate not in excess of one-half the royalties due the United States.

(c) Petition may be made for reduction of royalty under § 3108.2-3(f) for leases reinstated under § 3108.2-3 of this title and under § 3108.2-4(i) for non-competitive leases issued under § 3108.2-4 of this title. Petitions to waive, suspend or reduce rental or minimum royalty for leases reinstated under § 3108.2-3 of this title or for leases issued under § 3108.2-4 of this title may be made under this section.

[48 FR 33662, July 22, 1983; 48 FR 39225, Aug. 30, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 30448, July 30, 1984; 53 FR 17354, May 16, 1988; 57 FR 35973, Aug. 11, 1992; 61 FR 4750, Feb. 8, 1996]

§ 3103.4-2 Stripper well royalty reductions.

(a)(1) A stripper well property is any Federal lease or portion thereof segregated for royalty purposes, a communitization agreement, or a participating area of a unit agreement, operated by the same operator, that produces an average of less than 15 barrels of oil per eligible well per well-day for the qualifying period.

(2) An eligible well is an oil well that produces or an injection well that in-

jects and is integral to production for any period of time during the qualifying or subsequent 12-month period.

(3) An oil completion is a completion from which the energy equivalent of the oil produced exceeds the energy equivalent of the gas produced (including the entrained liquid hydrocarbons) or any completion producing oil and less than 60 MCF of gas per day.

(4) An injection well is a well that injects a fluid for secondary or enhanced oil recovery, including reservoir pressure maintenance operations.

(b) Stripper oil well property royalty rate reduction shall be administered according to the following requirements and procedures.

(1) An application for the benefits under paragraph (a) of this section for stripper oil well properties is not required.

(2) Total oil production (regardless of disposition) for the subject period from the eligible wells on the property is totaled and then divided by the total number of well days or portions of days, both producing and injection days, as reported on Form MMS-3160 or MMS-4054 for the eligible wells to determine the property average daily production rate. For those properties in communitization agreements and participating areas of unit agreements that have allocated (not actual) production, the production rate for all eligible well(s) in that specific communitization agreement or participating area is determined and shall be assigned to that allocated property in that communitization agreement or participating area.

(3) Procedures to be used by operator:

(i) Qualifying determination.
(A) Calculate an average daily production rate for the property in order to verify that the property qualifies as a stripper property.

(B) The initial qualifying period for producing properties is the period August 1, 1990, through July 31, 1991. For the properties that were shut-in for 12 consecutive months or longer, the qualifying period is the 12-month production period immediately prior to the shut-in. If the property does not qualify during the initial qualifying period, it may later qualify due to production decline. In those cases, the 12-